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SOUTHWICK URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



A N N U A L R E P O R T

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR:-



1956

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SOUTHWICK URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

A N N U A L R E P O R T

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the year 1956

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PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

(at 31st December, 1956)

Chairman : Councillor A. W. LEWIS, J.P.

Vice-Chairman : Councillor R. W. LEAN

Chairman of the Council : Councillor W. G. FIELD.

Councillor : G. HOLLIS-DENIS

" V. L. MILES

" MRS. I. J. SWEET

" R. D. VOICE

Shoreham-by-Sea.
August, 1957.

Mr. Chairman, Madam and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my report for 1956. The year has been satisfactory from the point of view of Public Health and the Vital Statistics show little change from last year. What change there is, has been, in nearly all cases for the better.

The last 15 years have seen great improvements in the treatment of infectious disease first by chemo-therapy and more recently by antibiotics. With the exception of virus diseases for which we still have no effective remedy, infection has been virtually conquered. This has brought about a great improvement in the state of public health as a whole. The three groups of diseases over which we still have very little control are the virus diseases, cardio-vascular degenerative diseases and cancer. If therapeutic measures could be discovered which were effective in the treatment of virus diseases a very great advance would be made. However, there is no prospect of this at the moment. The current line of approach is more by immunisation by vaccines as in the case of Poliomyelitis and Influenza.

More and more, the individual must rely on his own efforts to maintain and improve his health. For example, having established the relationship between smoking and lung cancer, the individual must make his own decision as to whether he should give up smoking. Undoubtedly, one of the greatest hazards of middle age is obesity. This can be checked by suitable diet and restraint of appetite; again this calls for individual effort. It is most essential for us all to take an adequate amount of exercise, particularly if we are over 40. It used to be said that the best thing for the inside of a man was the outside of a horse but as horses are now becoming rare I would recommend gardening, golf or walking as suitable substitutes. I would advise every man to keep the suit he was married in and wear it on every wedding anniversary. If he should find, in any particular year, that he cannot get into it, then he should make sure that this is remedied by the next year.

There have been no epidemics of infectious disease. One case of non-paralytic Poliomyelitis was notified during the year. During 1956, 21 children were vaccinated against Poliomyelitis with the first batch of vaccine released by the Ministry of Health. Throughout the country the vaccinated children will be carefully observed and more exact information will be collected with regard to the duration and degree of immunity conferred by the vaccine. It is hoped that more and more vaccine will be available and all parents will take the opportunity to have their children vaccinated. While new immunising procedures continue to become available, we must keep up the number of children immunised against Diphtheria and

Whooping Cough. Diphtheria may easily become a prevalent disease again if the numbers of children being immunised falls appreciably. Smallpox vaccination is, today, as important as ever and it is recommended that all babies are vaccinated at about the age of 4 months at which age harmful reactions are very rare.

The Tuberculosis mortality rate has been falling now for some years. This fall is most probably directly due to the use of new drugs and antibiotics. The fall in the notification rate has been much slower but is now becoming very significant and is due probably to a combination of the "Wonder-drugs" and patient tracing and examination of contacts. Case finding has been made easier by the introduction of skin testing of adolescents as a preliminary to B.C.G. vaccination and mass X-ray surveys. The full effect of B.C.G. vaccination will not be felt for some years to come. It is hoped that in the near future school entrants will be offered a skin test. If all infants were skin-tested it would assist greatly in tracing adult carriers as the probability is that a 5-year old child with a positive skin test has acquired his infection in the home.

Southwick, in common with most South coast towns, has a high proportion of elderly people who's lot is not always the happiest. During the year we saw the opening of the "Romans" a home for 20 able-bodied elderly people. This venture was made possible by the close co-operation of the Southwick Council, the West Sussex County Council, and the West Sussex Housing Society which is a voluntary organization.

With the aid of financial guarantees from these Councils, the West Sussex Housing Society, largely sponsored by the Rotary Clubs of Shoreham and Southwick, were able to acquire an old house, build onto it and equip it. This project is an outstanding example of co-operation between local authorities and voluntary organizations.

The Clean Air Act has focused attention on the necessity for maintaining a clean atmosphere in the interests of health. Southwick Council together with the Councils of Hove and Portslade rather anticipated the Clean Air Act and formed the "Hove, Portslade and Southwick Joint Committee on Atmospheric Pollution". This Committee, has, with the help and advice of the Department for Scientific and Industrial Research set up three observation points on the measurement of grit and sulphur-dioxide in the atmosphere. It is hoped in this way to get an accurate assessment of the size of the problem.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Madam and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

T. H. HARRISON,

To : The Chairman and Members
of the Public Health and Housing Committee.
Medical Officer of Health.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT STAFF

Medical Officer of Health

T. H. HARRISON, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H.
part-time with other districts in the County.
Also Port M.O. to the New Shoreham Port Health
Authority, Assistant County Medical Officer and
School M.O. to the West Sussex County Council.

Public Health Inspector

T. A. Eardley, M.S.I.A., Certificate of the Royal
Society of Health and Sanitary Inspectors'
Examination Joint Board.
Certificate of the Royal Society of Health for
the Inspection of Meat and Other Foods.

Duties : General duties of sanitary inspectors
as laid down in the Sanitary Officers' Order
including inspection of meat and other foods.

Chief Clerk

F. S. MORLEY.

Clerk to the Medical Officer of Health

MISS P. M. MAHONY.

Rodent Operator : (Part-time)

B. R. ROBERTS.

SECTION I

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

Southwick is a small urban area on the south coast, situated four miles west of Brighton.

The eastern arm of Shoreham Harbour, known locally as "The Canal", forms the southern boundary of the district. On the strip of land south of the Canal are situated the Electricity Works of the British Electricity Authority and the Works of the South-Eastern Gas Board. The sheltered water of the Canal is used as a harbour by private yachts.

The chief industries in the town are electricity production, dyeing, sheet metal work and lingerie manufacturing.

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in Acres	...	...	...	...	1,103
Registrar General's estimate of resident Population (mid-year 1956)	...	...	...	...	11,250
Population (Census, 1951)	...	...	...	...	10,718
Rateable Value	...	...	...	...	£184,043
Sum represented by a penny rate	...	...	...	...	£742
Number of inhabited houses at the end of 1956 according to Rate Book	...	...	...	...	4,002

VITAL STATISTICS

	M.	F.	Total
Live Births - Legitimate	71	75	146
do. Illegitimate	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
	<u>72</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>151</u>
Birth Rate per 1,000 estimated resident population :			13.4
Corrected Birth Rate	...	...	15.3

	M.	F.	Total
Still Births - Legitimate	-	2	2
do. Illegitimate	1	-	1

Still Birth rate per 1,000 (live and still) births : 19.5

DEATHS

Males - 80 Females - 75 Total ... 155

Crude Death Rate per 1,000 of estimated
resident population . 13.8

Corrected Death Rate ... 11.6

The Chief causes of death in order of frequency were :

- (i) Diseases of the heart & circulatory system
- (ii) Cancer

The above causes accounted for 122 or 78.7% of the total deaths recorded during the year.

Deaths from Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion Nil

Number of Deaths of Infants under one year of age :-

	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	1	2	3
Illegitimate	-	-	-

Death Rate of Infants under one year of age :

All infants per 1,000 live births ... 19.9

Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live
births : 20.5

Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate
live births : NIL

Net deaths from causes at various ages under one year

	Under 1 wk.	1 - 2 weeks	2 - 3 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	1 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 9 months	9 - 12 months	Total deaths under one year
Hypothermia	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Intracranial haemorrhage	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Broncho Pneumonia	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS, 1956

	England & Wales	West Sussex		Southwick U.D.
		Urban	Rural	
Birth Rate	15.7	13.3	14.9	13.4
Death Rate	11.7	14.7	13.8	13.8
Infantile Death Rate	23.8	28	19	19.9
Pulmonary T.B. Death Rate	0.11	0.06	0.06	Nil
Cancer Death Rate	2.07	2.6	2.4	2.8
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 births	0.56	0.70	0.5	Nil

CAUSES OF DEATH IN SOUTHWICK URBAN DISTRICT

					<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory	..	..	..	-	-
2.	Tuberculosis, other	..	..	..	-	-
3.	Syphilitic Disease	..	..	..	-	-
4.	Diphtheria	..	..	..	-	-
5.	Whooping Cough	..	..	..	-	-
6.	Meningococcal Infections	..	..	..	-	-
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis	..	..	..	-	-
8.	Measles	..	..	..	-	-
9.	Other infective and parasitic diseases	..	..	..	-	-
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	..	..	..	4	1
11.	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	..	..	..	6	-
12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast	..	..	..	-	1
13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	..	..	..	-	1
14.	Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms	..	..	..	8	10
15.	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	..	..	..	-	-
16.	Diabetes	..	..	..	-	-
17.	Vascular lesions of nervous system	..	..	..	10	14
18.	Coronary disease, angina	..	..	..	12	7
19.	Hypertension with heart disease	..	..	..	-	4
20.	Other heart disease	..	..	..	16	18
21.	Other circulatory disease	..	..	..	7	3
22.	Influenza	..	..	..	1	-
23.	Pneumonia	..	..	..	3	1
24.	Bronchitis	..	..	..	2	3
25.	Other diseases of respiratory system	..	..	..	3	1
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	..	..	..	-	-
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	..	..	..	-	-
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis	..	..	..	1	1
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	..	..	..	1	-
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth and abortion	..	..	..	-	-
31.	Congenital malformations	..	..	..	-	-
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	..	..	..	3	6
33.	Motor vehicle accidents	..	..	..	-	-
34.	All other accidents	..	..	..	2	3
35.	Suicide	..	..	..	1	1
36.	Homicide and operations of war	..	..	..	-	-
<u>TOTAL CAUSES :</u>					<u>80</u>	<u>75</u>

SECTION IIPREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF DISEASES

The following infectious diseases are notifiable to the Medical Officer of Health :

Cholera	Plague
Diphtheria	Pneumonia (Primary or
Dysentery	Influenzal)
Encephalitis (Acute)	Poliomyelitis (Acute)
Enteric (Typhoid or	Puerperal Pyrexia
Paratyphoid) Fever	Relapsing Fever
Erysipelas	Scarlet Fever
Malaria	Smallpox
Measles	Tuberculosis (All Forms)
Meningococcal Infection	Typhus
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Whooping Cough
Food Poisoning or Suspected Food Poisoning.	

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TUBERCULOSIS - NEW CASES AND MORTALITY, 1956.

Age Periods		Pulmonary		Non-Pulm		Pulmonary	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 yr.	N	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 - 4 ..	E	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 -14 ..	W	1	-	1	-	-	-
15 -24 ..		-	-	-	-	-	-
25 -34 ..	C	-	-	1	-	-	-
35 -44 ..	A	1	-	-	-	-	-
45 -54 ..	S	-	1	-	-	-	-
55 -64 ..	E	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 & over	S	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS		2	1	2	-	-	-

CASES ON REGISTER AT 31st DECEMBER, 1956.

Pulmonary	M.	38	F.	24	62	= Total
Non-Pulmonary	M.	7	F.	6	13	
TOTALS		45		30	75	

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR 1956

	Total Cases	Under 1	1-2	3-4	5-9	10-14	15-24	25-44	45-64	65 and over	Cases ad- mitted to Hospital
Measles	17	1	6	3	5	2	-	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	5	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	4	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Pneumonia	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	1
Non-Paralytic Poliomyelitis	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Paratyphoid Fever	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Sonne' Dysentery	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Food Poisoning *	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Totals	35	2	7	6	8	5	-	3	2	2	3

* This was of the salmonella typhi-murium type.

TABLE SHOWING VITAL STATISTICS - 1945 - 1956

YEAR	Est. Popu- lation	NO. OF BIRTHS					Crude Birth Rate	NO. OF DEATHS		Crude Death Rate	Infant Death Rate	
		Legitimate		Illegitimate				M.	F.			Total
		M.	F.	Total	M.	F.						
1945	9,134	68	75	143	7	5	12	47	62	109	11.9	58.0
1946	10,030	71	87	158	5	6	11	68	65	133	13.3	41.0
1947	10,380	103	90	193	5	9	14	64	56	120	11.6	53.0
1948	10,690	94	60	154	3	4	7	54	63	117	10.9	19.0
1949	10,650	69	62	131	6	4	10	67	67	134	12.6	43.0
1950	10,800	81	64	145	10	7	17	69	69	138	12.8	30.9
1951	10,690	71	67	138	4	1	5	65	69	134	12.5	6.9
1952	10,680	71	69	140	4	5	9	64	70	134	12.5	Nil
1953	10,830	56	71	127	4	1	5	56	64	120	11.9	15.1
1954	11,010	69	72	141	3	6	9	68	68	126	12.4	33.3
1955	11,100	71	70	141	2	2	4	65	68	133	12.0	20.6
1956	11,250	71	75	146	1	4	5	80	75	155	13.8	19.9

SECTION III

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Hospitals

A comprehensive hospital and specialist service is provided by the Regional Hospital Board. Doctors can arrange whatever forms of treatment are needed for their patients in general or special hospitals, whether as in-patients or out-patients. Hospital accommodation of a private nature is available in certain circumstances, subject to appropriate charges. All types of cases are thus provided for - medical, surgical, maternity, infectious diseases, and those requiring sanatorium or mental hospital treatment.

Nursing

General District Nurses, Midwives, Health Visitors and School Nurses are employed by the West Sussex County Council to serve in the area. Lists showing names and addresses of these nurses may be seen at County Libraries, Town Halls, or Offices of local District Councils, and the Public Health Department, County Hall, Chichester.

Ambulance Service

Acting as agents for the County Council, the St. John Ambulance Brigade and British Red Cross Society operate the Ambulance and Hospital Car Service in the County. Calls for an ambulance are made through the doctor or nurse in attendance on the case, or through the Police or public in case of accidents or other emergencies.

Laboratory Service

The Public Health Laboratory at the Royal Sussex County Hospital, Eastern Road, Brighton 7 carries out all public health work for the Council, including examinations of water, milk and ice-creams, ear, nose, and throat swabs, specimens of excreta and bacteriological examination of food.

General Medical and Dental Services

Local arrangements for these services are organized through the National Health Service Executive Council for West Sussex, 175, Broyle Road, Chichester.

Diphtheria Immunisation

Diphtheria Immunisation has again been carried out during the year by the County Council, and no cases have been notified. At the end of the year the position was as follows :-

Total number of children immunised :-

Under 5 years of age	...	...	...	117
5 - 14 years of age	...	...	...	36
Who received a third reinforcing dose			...	140

Public Health Act, 1936 - Section 172

No action has been taken by the Council under this Section, which gives power to Sanitary Authorities to apply in special cases for a Magistrate's Order for the removal of tubercular persons to an Institution for isolation.

Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925.

It has not been necessary to serve any notice under these Regulations, which prevent persons suffering from Tuberculosis taking part in the production of Milk.

National Assistance Act, 1948 - Section 47

It has not been found necessary to take action under Section.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES

Unless otherwise stated, all clinics are held at the following address :-

Health Centre, Middle Road, Shoreham. Telephone : 2874.

Infant Welfare

Tuesdays and Thursdays, 2.0 - 4.0 p.m.
Social Club, The Twitten, Southwick.

Ante-Natal

Fortnightly - Friday, 2.30 - 4.0 p.m.
Community Centre, Southwick Street, Southwick.

Family Planning

2nd Friday in the month, 2.30 - 4.0 p.m.

Orthopaedic

By appointment. Health Centre, Irene Avenue,
Lancing (Tel: Lancing 3128)

Eye

Friday morning - by appointment.

Dental

By appointment.

Speech Therapy

By appointment.

The following clinics are administered by the Regional Hospital Board :-

Tuberculosis

Wednesday - by appointment
Southlands Hospital, Shoreham-by-Sea.

Venereal Disease Worthing Hospital, Worthing.

<u>Males</u> :	Wednesday	Friday
	5.30 - 6.30 p.m.	4.30 - 5.30 p.m.

<u>Females</u> :	Wednesday	Friday
	3.0 - 5.0 p.m.	2.0 - 4.0 p.m.

SECTION IV

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Water Supply

There is an abundant supply of pure water from the Brighton Corporation. The supply is constant and all the houses in the area are served direct. The water is not liable to have plumbo-solvent action. One water sample was collected during the year and the result obtained was satisfactory.

Extensions of public water supplies during the year :-

Location	Length (yds.)	Diameter (Ins.)
Cul-de-sac off Southwick Street	20	3"
Greenleaves Estate	990	4"
" "	97	6"
Oakdene Close	207	3"
" "	157	4"
Victoria Road	44	4"

Drainage and Sewerage

New Schemes

The new syphon under the river has been completed and was brought into use early during the year.

The new penstock chamber and penstock and pump house have been completed and the old penstock house demolished. These works were brought into use early in 1956.

The construction of the new sea outfall was commenced in the early part of 1956.

The laying of the connecting pipe from the Shoreham-by-Sea Urban District Council's storage tank east of Dolphin Road has been completed apart from the actual connection.

Public Cleansing

Arrangements were made with the Surveyor to spray the refuse collection vehicles with an insecticide spray whilst loading was in operation.

Rivers and Streams

No action has been taken to check pollution of rivers and streams.

Tents, Vans and Sheds

No. of inspections	...	...	...	13
No. of complaints received		...	...	3
No. of contraventions observed		...	...	1
No. abated	...	...	...	2

Shops Act, 1950

Number of Shops in the district	...	...	160
" " Inspections made	...	...	209
" " defects found	...	...	2
" " defects remedied	...	...	2

Smoke Abatement

Number of observations made	...	...	32
" " notices served	...	...	2 (informal)
" " nuisance abated	...	...	2

Verminous Premises

(1) <u>Council Houses</u>			
(a) found to be infested with bed bugs..			Nil
(b) Disinfested	...	...	Nil
(2) <u>Other Houses</u>			
(a) Found to be infested with bed bugs..			3
(b) Disinfested	...	...	3

Infested houses are treated with sulphur dioxide and gemmexane smoke, or sprayed with Roxem Insecticide, according to the circumstances.

Rag Flock and Other Filling Materials Act, 1951

No. of premises registered under this Act	...	2
No. of inspections made		13

Schools

Number of schools in the district		5
Number with public water supply		5
Number with water closets :		
separate pedestal		5

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act,
1949

All complaints of rat and mice infestation received during the year have been investigated. The method employed in the destruction of rodents in the district is that recommended by the Ministry of Food, the P.3 trap together with poison bait, and a part-time rodent operator is employed. A free service is given in respect of private dwelling houses.

Factories Acts, 1937 & 1948

Inspections made :-

(a) Factories with mechanical power	...	105
(b) Factories without mechanical power	...	43
(c) Other premises		7

Defects found as a result of inspections :- NIL

There are 32 outworkers in the district.

Summary of Sanitary Works and Improvements

No. of inspections in regard to Infectious Disease :	31		
No. of premises disinfected after Infectious Disease :	11		
No. of verminous premises disinfested :	...	3	
No. of nuisances found to exist :	...	90	
No. of nuisances abated :	...	...	86
No. of ashbins provided :	...	...	26
Total inspections for all purposes :	...	...	2829
Informal notices served	...	...	59
Statutory notices served	...	...	5
Number of summonses issued	...	...	Nil
Number of convictions obtained	...	...	Nil
Complaints received	...	...	90
Complaints found justified and dealt with	...	...	86

SECTION V

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Milk Supply

No. of Milk Distributors in the district	...	12
No. of these registered as wholesalers only	...	-
No. of these registered as retailers only	...	11
No. of these registered as both wholesalers and retailers		1

No. of inspections made :-

(1) Cowsheds	...	...	...	4
(2) Milkshops	...	...	...	89

No. of inspections during milking time : ... 2

No. of licences granted by the Sanitary Authority :-

(1) To bottle	(a) T.T. Milk	-
	(b) Accredited Milk	-

(2) To pasteurise milk 1

(3) To retail milk using the designation :-

(a) Tuberculin Tested	6
(b) Accredited	-
(c) Pasteurised	10
(d) Sterilised	9

Bacteriological sample of milk.

Designation	<u>No. of samples taken</u>		No. complying with standard	No. failing to comply with standard
	By County Council	By Sanitary Authority		
Pasteurised	-	162	147	15

Meat and Other Foods

No. of visits to grocers and greengrocers shops : 223

The following were found to be unfit for human consumption :-

Tomatoes	-	17 tins	Pears	-	1 tin
Soup Mix	-	18 "	Stewed Steak	-	1 "
Plums	-	7 "	Beans	-	1 "
Peas	-	6 "	Pineapple	-	1 "
Milk	-	6 "	Oranges	-	1 "
Jam	-	4 "	Pilchards	-	1 "
Beans	-	3 "	Celery Hearts	-	1 "
Corned Beef	-	2 "			
Prunes	-	2 "			

No. of visits to butchers shops	...	87
---------------------------------	-----	----

280 lbs. of Argentine beef were found to be unfit for human consumption, and were accordingly condemned.

No. of food premises in the district
by type of business.

Grocery	...	...	...	...	22
Greengrocery	...	...	...	...	11
Butchers shops	...	...	...	...	8
Fish and Chip shops and Wet Fish shops	...	...	...	...	5
Street Vendors	...	...	...	...	3
Cafes and Snack Bars	...	...	...	...	10
Licensed Premises	...	...	...	...	18
Confectionery	...	...	...	...	20
Chemists	...	...	...	...	4
Total :					<u>101</u>

No. of food premises in the district,
by type, registered under Section 16
of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955.

Sale of Ice Cream	...	...	...	25
Butchers shops (Preparation or manufacture of sausages)	...	...	...	8
The number of Dairies registered under the Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949-54	...	...	...	13
Total :				<u>46</u>

No. of inspections of registered food premises	...	...	...	...	608
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

SECTION VI

HOUSING

HOUSING STATISTICS, 1956

1. Inspection of dwelling houses during the year :-
 - (1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) 124
 - (b) No. of inspections made for this purpose 372
 - (2) (a) No. of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations 1925 64
 - (b) No. of inspections made for this purpose 192
 - (3) No. of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation .. 60
 - (4) No. of dwelling-houses (excluding those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation ... 64
2. Remedying of defects without Service of Formal Notices

No. of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by Local Authority or their officers ... 59
3. Action under Statutory powers during the year
 - A. Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Act, 1936 1
 - (1) No. of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs Nil
 - (2) No. of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after the service of formal notice Nil

(a)	By Owners	...	...	Nil
(b)	By Local Authority		...	Nil
B.	Proceedings under Public Health Acts :			Nil
C.	Proceedings under 11 and 13, Housing Act, 1936	...	...	Nil
D.	Proceedings under Section 12, Housing Act, 1936	...	...	Nil

Housing Acts, 1936 - 1949 - Overcrowding

(a)	i.	No. of dwelling-houses overcrowded at end of the year	Nil
	ii.	No. of families dwelling therein	Nil
	iii.	No. of persons dwelling therein	Nil
(b)		No. of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	Nil
(c)	i.	No. of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	Nil
(d)		Particulars of any case in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding	Nil

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